§653.3 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to require a recipient to implement an anti-drug program to deter and detect the use of prohibited drugs by covered employees.

§653.5 Applicability.

- (a) Except as specifically excluded in paragraph (b) of this section, this part applies to a recipient under—
- (1) Section 3, 9, or 18 of the Federal Transit Act, as amended (FT Act); or
- (2) Section 103(e)(4) of title 23 of the United States Code.
- (b) A recipient operating a railroad regulated by the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) shall follow 49 CFR parts 219 and 382, as appropriate, and \$653.83 of this part for its railroad operations, and this part for its non-railroad operations, if any.

NOTE: For recipients who operate marine vessels, see also Coast Guard regulations at 33 CFR part 95 and 46 CFR parts 4,5, and 16.) [59 FR 7589, Feb. 15, 1994, as amended at 60 FR 12297, Mar. 6, 1995]

§ 653.7 Definitions.

As used in this part—

Accident means an occurrence associated with the operation of a vehicle, if as a result—

- (1) An individual dies;
- (2) An individual suffers a bodily injury and immediately receives medical treatment away from the scene of the accident:
- (3) With respect to an occurrence in which the mass transit vehicle involved is a bus, electric bus, van, or automobile, one or more vehicles incurs disabling damage as the result of the occurrence and is transported away from the scene by a tow truck or other vehicle;
- (4) With respect to an occurrence in which the mass transit vehicle involved is a rail car, trolley car, trolley bus, or vessel, the mass transit vehicle is removed from revenue service.

Administrator means the Administrator of the Federal Transit Administration or the Administrator's designee.

Anti-drug program means a program to detect and deter the use of prohibited drugs as required by this part.

Canceled test means a test that has been declared invalid by a Medical Review Officer. It is neither a verified positive nor a verified negative test, and includes a specimen rejected for testing by a laboratory.

Certification means a recipient's written statement, authorized by the organization's governing board or other authorizing official, that the recipient has complied with the provisions of this part. (See §653.77 for certification requirements.)

Chain-of-custody means the procedures in part 40 of this title concerning the handling of a urine specimen.

Consortium means an entity, including a group or association of employers, operators, recipients, subrecipients, or contractors, which provides drug testing as required by this part, or other DOT drug testing rule, and which acts on behalf of the employer.

Contractor means a person or organization that provides a service for a recipient, subrecipient, employer, or operator consistent with a specific understanding or arrangement. The understanding can be a written contract or an informal arrangement that reflects an ongoing relationship between the parties.

Covered employee means a person, including an applicant or transferee, who performs a safety-sensitive function for an entity subject to this part; however, a volunteer is covered only if operating a vehicle designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the driver.

Disabling damage means damage which precludes departure of a motor vehicle from the scene of the accident in its usual manner in daylight after simple repairs.

- (1) *Inclusion*. Damage to motor vehicles that could have been driven, but would have been further damaged if so driven.
- (2) Exclusions. (i) Damage which can be remedied temporarily at the scene of the accident without special tools or parts.
- (ii) Tire disablement without other damage even if no spare tire is available.
 - (iii) Headlamp or taillight damage.
- (iv) Damage to turn signals, horn, or windshield wipers which makes them inoperative.